

FEDERAL MINISTRY OF HEALTH, NIGERIA

NATIONAL FAMILY PLANNING/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH POLICY GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS OF PRACTICE



(REPRINT)











FEDERAL MINISTRY OF HEALTH, NIGERIA

NATIONAL
FAMILY PLANNING/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
POLICY GUIDELINES
AND
STANDARDS OF PRACTICE



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FOREWORD

In line with the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) Programme of Action the Federal Ministry of Health developed the Re-productive Health (RH) Policy and Strategic Framework, which gave directions for RH implementation in Nigeria. Subsequently, the Guide to Family Planning Practice in Nigeria was formulated to provide step-by-step instructions on quality family planning and RH service provision. The FP/RH Standards of Practice is a policy document that high lights key Family Planning Methods and other related reproductive health component services, as well as services that can be rendered at every level and location, to specify roles and responsibilities for the different cadres of service provider, and define their limitations. This document will also enhance provider-client interaction as well as stimulate collaboration among and within all levels of care through effective referrals. The Standards of Practice is a very crucial tool for all Programme Planners, Managers, Supervisors, Service Providers and Trainers at all levels. It is my hope that the use of this document will improve the quality of RH/FP Service and enhance community access to services of all levels of health care delivery.

Dr. M.A. Amaesh

Director DCDPA

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Federal Ministry of Health Abuja.

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INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

In 1999, a civilian administration was sworn in after 20 years of military rule during which the health and socio-economic status of Nigeria had deteriorated.

Consequently, the government, through the Federal Ministry of Health, other Ministries, Parastatals and Agencies embarked on a radical remodelling of the health care delivery system. The remodelling was done in line with the 1994 International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) Programme of Action, which aimed at providing integrated Reproductive Health services and ensuring quality of care. In this regard, the National Policy on Population for Sustainable Development was reviewed.

To specifically address reproductive health issues, a Reproductive Health (RH) Policy was developed. This gave government policy directions and a vision bound by goals, objectives and targets. The policy statements provide guidance for programme/project development and services provided by those working in the area of Family Planning'/ Reproductive Health within the health care delivery system.

JUSTIFICATION

Following the development of the RH Policy, the Guide to Family Planning Practice in Nigeria was formulated to provide step-by-step instructions on providing family planning services. However, no guidelines were provided to specify the types of care to be provided by the different cadres of providers and at each level of health care within the RH Care delivery system.

Nigeria National FP/RH Service Policy and Standards

The FP/RH Standards of Practice have been developed to provide a clear understanding of the philosophy and intent of the RH policy with a view to defining location-specific roles and responsibilities for the different cadres of service providers. In doing this, key family planning methods and other related reproductive health component services have been highlighted in consonance with National RH and Population goals and targets.

This document should help providers to appreciate the limits of their provided skills and services, enhance provider-client interaction, stimulate collaboration between and within levels of care through effective referral, thereby promoting quality of FP/RH services.

STRUCTURE OF THE FAMILY PLANNING/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICE POLICY GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS

This Policy and Standards of Practice (SOP) document is laid out in two sections for ease of referencing and utilisation. Section One identifies the spectrum of family planning methods available and provided in Nigeria as well as related RH services. Such identified services are prevention of unsafe abortion and its complications, prevention and treatment of reproductive tract infections including HIV, care services for infertility, common cancers of the reproductive systems and menopause/andropause.

It also specifies the services that can be provided at each level of health care, the cadre of service providers at each level, and those eligible for each specific service. In summary, section one identifies who provides what services, at which level of care

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and for whom the services are intended. Finally, this section sets out the modalities for training, human resources development and distribution, as well as supervision, monitoring and evaluation.

Section Two prescribes the minimum level of implementation for each method of FP and the related components of RH discussed in Section One. These have been provided in a tabular format to support a clear understanding of the recommendations.

WHO MAY USE THE DOCUMENT

The guidelines set out in the SOP are written for use by those who participate in FP/RH service delivery at all levels of health care including within the community. These include programme planners and managers, service managers and supervisors, service providers and trainers at all levels in pre-service and in-service training programmes.

HOW TO USE THE DOCUMENT

Programme Managers shall use the guidelines to determine National Service Targets for Family Planning and related components in Reproductive Health, set service objectives and identify the required resources including categories and numbers of staff to be trained for specific service components. Service Providers shall use the guidelines to identify types of services to be provided at each level and how to organise these to meet the prescribed standards. Training Programme Planners shall use the guidelines to set training targets and priorities, identify required resources and prepare training strategies that respond to service needs and service standards. The guidelines shall be used to monitor and evaluate service availability, accessibility, — ality and utilisation.

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ABBREVIATIONS Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome	
BCC - Behavioural Change Communication	
CBD - Community Based Distribution	
CHEWs- Community Health Extension Workers	
CHOS - Community Health Officers	
COC - Combined Oral Contraceptive	
CYP - Couple Year Protection	
DCDPA - Department of Community Development and	1 .
Population Activities	
FLE - Family Life Education	
FMOH - Federal Ministry of Health	
FP - Family Planning	
Hb - Haemoglobin	
HIV - Human Immunodefiency Virus	
ICPD - International Conference on Population	
and Development	
IEC - Information, Education and Communication	
IUD - Intra-Uterine Device	
IV - Intravenous	7
LAM - Lactational Amenorrhoea Method	
LGA - Local Government Area	
LNG - Levonorgestrel	
LT - Laboratory Technician	1
M&E - Monitoring and Evaluation	
MIS - Management Information System	
MVA - Manual Vacuum Aspiration	
MW - Midwife	
NAFDAC - National Agency for Food and Drug	
Administration and Control	
NERDC- Nigerian Educational Research and	
Development Council	
NGO - Non-Governmental Organisation	
NHMIS - National Health Management Information Syst	em

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\sim	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome	•	3 OK2	-	Oral Kehydration Solution
-	Behavioural Change Communication		PAP	-	Papanicolaou
-	Community Based Distribution	•	PCV	+	Packed Cell Volume
	Community Health Extension Workers		PHC	2	Primary Health Care
-	Community Health Officers	6	PHN		Public Health Nurse
-	Combined Oral Contraceptive	2	PHY	*	Physician
-	Couple Year Protection	6	PID	2	Pelvic Inflammatory Disease
-	Department of Community Development and		PLWHA	•	People Living With HIV/AIDS
	Population Activities	•	PMTCT		Prevention of Mother to Child Transmission
	Family Life Education	65	- PPIUD	121	Post-partum IUD
-	Federal Ministry of Health	A.	PSA	7	Prostate Specific Antigen
5	Family Planning	6	■ PSI	(e)	Population Services International
-	Haemoglobin		RH	-	Reproductive Health
-	Human Immunodefiency Virus	•	RTI	-	Reproductive Tract Infection
-	International Conference on Population		RVF	-	Recto Vaginal Fistula
	and Development	•	SDP	-	Service Delivery Point
-	Information, Education and Communication	-	SOP		Standards of Practice
4	Intra-Uterine Device	San .	3 SPEC		Specialist
~	Intravenous	65	STI	-	Sexually Transmitted Infection
+	Lactational Amenorrhoea Method	*	IBA		Traditional Birth Attendant (Trained)
_	Local Government Area	6	3 TV	-	Television
-	Levonorgestrel		VCI	+	Voluntary Counselling and Testing
	Laboratory Technician	•	VCR	-	Video Cassette Recorder
-	Monitoring and Evaluation		VHW	3. 50 .3	Voluntary Health Worker
-	Management Information System	6	₹ VSC	-	Voluntary Surgical Contraception
=	Manual Vacuum Aspiration	_	VVF	*	Vesico-Vaginal Fistula
-	Midwife	6	3		
-	National Agency for Food and Drug	ØC.	3		
	Administration and Control	de	3		
	Nigerian Educational Research and	5	3		
	Development Council		,		
-	Non-Governmental Organisation	•	3		
	National Health Management Information System		1000 1000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Obstetrics and Gynaecology Oral Rehydration Solution

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SECTION ONE

FAMILY PLANNING/ REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICE POLICY GUIDELINE

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1.0 REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICE POLICY

1.1 FAMILY PLANNING

The aims of family planning are to:

- Provide information to individuals and couples to enable them to freely and responsibly decide the number and spacing of their children
- Provide affordable and accessible contraceptive services and make available a full range of safe and effective methods
- Provide information on child bearing and support the institution of marriage
- Assist couples as well as individuals who desire to have children

All individuals and couples are eligible for family planning services.

In view of the increasing problems associated with adolescent sexuality and teenage pregnancies in Nigeria, it is considered appropriate that sexually active adolescents who seek contraceptive services shall be counselled and served where appropriate.

In the case of the mentally challenged, the decision to use family planning services shall be made by such persons as parents, guardians or partners in consultation with trained service providers.

The services shall include:

· BCC - Behavioural Change Communication

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- Counselling
- Provision of contraceptives
- Management of side effects and complications
- Referral

Contraceptive services shall be offered to:

- Prevent pregnancies
- · Delay child-bearing
- Space births
- End child-bearing where desirable
- Prevent RTI including STI/HIV/AIDS

The following family planning methods shall be made available in Nigeria

Temporary Methods

Short Term

- Condoms
- Spermicides
- Diaphragms
- Oral Contraceptive Pills
- · Lactational Amenorrhoea Method (LAM)
- Natural Family Planning

Long Term

- Injectables
- Intra Uterine Device (IUD)
- Implants

Permanent Methods

- Bilateral Tubal Ligation
- Vasectomy

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New contraceptives and contraceptive methods shall be approved and registered by the National Agency for Food and Drugs Administration and Control (NAFDAC) before being used in Nigeria.

At the various delivery points, the following service providers shall provide contraceptive services:

- Community Level: CBDs, trained TBAs, CHEWs, Patent Medicine Dealers and Pharmacists
- Health Post: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives
- Basic Health Centres and Maternity Homes: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, Community Health Officers (CHOs)
- Comprehensive Health Centres CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, CHOs and Physicians
- General Hospitals: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, CHOs, Physicians and Specialists (obstetrics/gynaecology)
- Specialist/Tertiary Hospitals: Midwives, Physicians and Specialists (obstetricians/gynaecologists)

The different services shall be made available at all levels of the health system based on the category of staff and infrastructure at each level of care.

- Community Level: Behavioural Change Communication, counselling, condoms provision, spermicides, re-supply of oral contraceptives and lactational amenorrhoea method
- Health Post: BCC, counselling, condom provision, spermicides, LAM, re-supply of oral contraceptives
- Basic Health Centre: BCC, counselling, condom provision, spermicides, LAM, oral contraceptives, IUD
- Comprehensive Health Centre: BCC, counselling, condoms, diaphragms, spermicides, LAM, oral contraceptives, IUD, injectables, implants, permanent

(tubal ligation, Vasectomy) contraception, and infert management

- General Hospital: all of the above plus manageme of complications
- Specialist/Tertiary: as in general hospital plus advanced management of infertility

A variety of service delivery approaches shall be used to make family planning services accessible, available and affordable to all eligible individuals and couples. Such approaches shall be:

- Clinic based services
- · Community based services
- Outreach services

Clients shall be referred to a higher level of service delivery where services required are not provided at the lower level or where management of complications and side effects are beyond the competence of the service provider(s).

1.2 PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF UNSAFE ABORTION AND POST-ABORTION CARE

Abortion is the loss of pregnancy before the foetus is viable. An abortion is unsafe when performed either by persons lacking necessary skills or in an environment lacking minimal medical standards or both.

Services for unsafe abortion and post-abortion care have the followings aims:

- Prevent unwanted pregnancies through family planning counselling and services
- Create public awareness on the dangers and

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complications of unsafe abortion

Manage and/or refer abortion complications

The target groups shall include

- Men and women
- Adolescents

The strategies shall include

- Clinic-based
- Community based
- Outreach

The activities shall be

- Education on dangers of unsafe abortion
- Family planning counselling and services
- · Recognition and management of abortion complications
- Linkages with other RH services
- Referral

At each level, the services and providers shall include:

Community Level

<u>Services:</u> FP counselling, education on dangers of unsafe abortion, postabortion, FP services, referral <u>Providers:</u> CBDs, TBAs, CHEWs, Patent Medicine Dealers, Pharmacists

Health Post

<u>Services:</u> Same as for community level Providers: CBDs, CHEWs

Basic Health Centre Level

<u>Services:</u> Same as for community plus management of complications

Providers: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, CHOs, Physicians

Comprehensive Health Centre

<u>Services:</u> Same as for Basic Health Centre plus management of complications, including surgery <u>Providers:</u> CHEWS, Nurses, Midwives, PHN-CHO, and Physicians

General Hospital

<u>Services:</u> Same as for Comprehensive Health Centre <u>Providers:</u> Nurses, Midwives, Physicians and Obstetricians, Laboratory Technicians

Specialist / Tertiary Hospital

Services: Same as at General Hospital.

Providers: Nurses, Midwives, Physicians, Obstetricians and Laboratory Scientists

The logistics support including BCC materials, MVA kit, contraceptives and equipment which shall be provided as appropriate for each level.

1.3 PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE TRACT INFECTIONS INCLUDING STIS, HIV/AIDS

The aim of STIs services is to:

Prevent and manage RTIs including STIs, HIV/AIDS

The target group shall include

- · All sexually active men and women
- Adolescents

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Pregnant women

Sex workers

Neonates (eye care)

· Children with HIV

The following activities shall be provided:

BCC (Behavioural Change Communication) including counselling

Client screening

Syndromic diagnosis and treatment

· Laboratory diagnosis and definite treatment

Partner notification

Immunisation (Hepatitis B)

Follow-up care

Management of long term complications

 Care and support for people living with HIV/AIDS (PLWHA)

The service delivery strategies shall include:

Prevention

Advocacy

· Mass-media campaigns

• Enter-educate (Entertainment Education)

Interpersonal communication

• Family Life Education

Promotion of condoms

· Provision of candoms

Management of cases

· Compliance with service standards

Use of treatment protocols/guidelines

Referral of cases

The following services shall be provided at the different levels of the health care delivery system:

Community

<u>Services:</u> Counselling including Prevention of Mother-To-Child Transmission (PMTCT), BCC, promotion and sale of condoms, and vaginal foaming tablets, follow-up and referral

<u>Providers:</u> TBAs, Patent Medicine Dealers, CHEWs and Pharmacists

Health Post

<u>Services:</u> BCC/ counselling, PMTCT, promotion and sale of condoms, spermicides, LAM, and re-supply of oral contraceptives

Providers: CBDs, TBAs, CHEWs

Basic Health Centre

<u>Services:</u> As in the health post plus syndromic management of STIs, counselling for PMTCT <u>Providers:</u> CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, Pharmacy technicians, and CHOs

Comprehensive Health Centre

<u>Services:</u> As in the Basic Health Centre plus laboratory diagnosis and management of STI's, epidemiological surveillance and Voluntary Counselling & Testing (VCT) <u>Providers:</u> CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, Pharmacy Technicians, CHOs, Laboratory Technicians and Physicians

General Hospital

<u>Services:</u> As in comprehensive health center plus reference laboratory

Providers: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, Pharmacy

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Technicians, CHOs (Nurse Midwives) plus Specialists, Researchers and HIV/AIDS counsellors

Specialist / Tertiary

<u>Services:</u> As in the General Hospital plus specialist care

<u>Providers:</u> Nurses, Midwives, Pharmacy Technicians, PHN-CHOs and Specialists

Appropriate logistic support shall be provided at all levels for the prevention and management of STIs, including HIV/AIDS.

1.4 PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF INFERTILITY

The aims of this service component are:

- Prevention of infertility
- · Treatment of infertility

The target groups shall include:

- · Persons in the reproductive age group
- Patients with RTIs
- Infertile couples
- Infertile individuals

The activities to be undertaken shall include:

Prevention

- Advocacy
 - Multi-media channels
 - Mass-media campaigns
 - Interpersonal communication
 - BCC
- Counselling
 - · Family life education
 - Promotion of condoms

· Treatment of RTI (syndromic and etiologic)

Management

- Counselling
- Clinical examination
- · Laboratory test and specialised investigation
- · Definitive treatment including artificial insemination
- Assisted conception and adoption
- Referrals

Services and service providers for prevention and management of infertility shall include:

Community

<u>Services:</u> BCC, counselling, promotion of condoms, and referral

Providers: CBD, TBAs, CHEWs, Pharmacists.

Health Post

<u>Services:</u> BCC, counselling, condoms promotion and referral.

Providers: CHEWs, Pharmacy Technicians

Basic Health Centre

<u>Services:</u> As in the health post plus clinical examination and syndromic treatment of RTIs

<u>Providers:</u> Midwives, Nurses, CHEWs, CHO (Nurse Midwives)

Comprehensive Health Centre

<u>Services:</u> As in the Basic Health Centre plus syndromic and definitive treatment of RTIs, clinical examination and laboratory tests and some definitive treatment of infertility such as aduction of ovulation

<u>Providers:</u> Same as Basic Health Centre plus Physicians, Laboratory technicians

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General Hospital

Services: As in the comprehensive plus specialised investigations and some other treatments such as insemination, adoption

Providers: Same as Comprehensive Health Centre levels and the comprehensive plus specialised investigations and some other treatments and the comprehensive plus specialised investigations and some other treatments and the comprehensive plus specialised investigations and some other treatments are comprehensive plus specialised investigations and some other treatments are comprehensive plus specialised investigations.

<u>Providers:</u> Same as Comprehensive Health Centre level plus specialists

Specialist / Tertiary Hospital

<u>Services:</u> As in the General Hospital plus other definitive treatments such as assisted conception Providers: Same as General Hospital

Appropriate logistic support shall be provided as indicated in the standards.

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF CANCERS OF THE FEMALE AND MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEMS

Cancers of the reproductive systems shall include cancers of breast, cervix and prostate.

The aims of this service component are:

- Prevention of reproductive tract cancers
- Early detection of reproductive tract cancers
- Treatment of patients with reproductive system cancers
- Management of terminally ill patients including home based care

The target groups shall include:

- Men
- Women
- Adolescents

The activities to be undertaken shall include:

- BCC
- Counsellina
- Provision of condoms (to help prevent RTIs which are risk factors for cervical cancer)
- Early detection and definitive treatment of RTIs and definitive treatment of pre-malignant conditions of the cervix, breast and prostate
- Definitive treatment of the specific cancers
- Follow-up
- Referrals
- Management of terminally ill patients

The services and providers shall be:

Community

Services: BCC, counselling, promotion and provision of condoms, referrals and follow-up Providers: TBAs, CHEWs, CBDs

Health Post

Services: As at the community level Providers: As at the community level

Basic Health Centre Level

Services: As at the health post plus syndromic management of RTIs and early detection of pre-malignant conditions especially of the cervix through direct visual observation and gynoscopy

Providers: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, CHOs (Nurse Midwives)

Comprehensive Health Centre

Services: As at the Basic Health Centre plus biopsy of lesion

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Providers: As at the Basic Health center plus Physicians

General Hospital

Services: As at Comprehensive Health Centre plus laboratory diagnosis of early stage of diseases e.g. Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test, mammography where available

Providers: As at the Comprehensive Health Center plus specialist

Specialist / Tertiary

Services: As at General Hospital plus definitive treatment of pre-malignant conditions and specific cancers Providers: Same as General Hospital

Appropriate logistics support shall be provided at all levels for the management of reproductive system cancers as indicated in the standards.

RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT 1.6 MENOPAUSE AND ANDROPAUSE

The aims of this service are to

- Create awareness and educate people about menopause and andropause (awareness and education)
- Provide appropriate management for patients with symptoms and signs of menopause and andropause

The target groups are:

- Men and women of reproductive age and above
- Clients with menopause and andropause symptoms
- Spouses/partners of clients with menopause and andropause symptoms

The activities to be undertaken for menopause and andropause management shall include:

- BCC
- Counselling
- Clinical examination
- Laboratory investigation
- Treatment
- Referral when applicable

The strategies for responding to concerns about menopause and andropause shall include:

- · Interpersonal communication
- Mass-media communication
- Enter-educate (Entertainment Education)
- Focus group discussions
- Clinic based services

The services and providers shall be:

Community

<u>Services:</u> BCC, counselling, referral <u>Providers:</u> CBDs, TBAs, CHEWS

Health Post

<u>Services:</u> Same as at community level <u>Provider:</u> CHEWs as community level

Basic Health Centre

Services: BCC, counselling, clinical examination and referrals

Providers: CHEWs, Nurses, Midwives, CHOs

Comprehensive Health Centre

<u>Services:</u> As at the Basic Health Centre plus laboratory investigation and treatment

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<u>Providers:</u> As for Basic Health Centre plus Physicians and laboratory technicians

General Hospital

<u>Services:</u> As at the Comprehensive Health Centre <u>Providers:</u> As at the Comprehensive Health Centre plus specialists

Specialist / Tertiary:

<u>Services:</u> Same as for General Hospital plus Specialist care

Providers: Same as for General Hospital

Appropriate logistic support shall be provided at all levels as needed.

2.0 BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE COMMUNICATION (BCC) AND COUNSELLING

Behavioural change communication is the process of educating, persuading and disseminating information to people, to positively influence their behavioural patterns and enable them take actions that will enhance their reproductive health status.

The aims of this service component are to -

- Increase awareness and use of family planning/child
 spacing methods and other relevant reproductive health services
- · Promote client/provider interaction

For effective BCC, a multimedia approach shall be used. BCC messages shall be correct, timely, audience specific, culturally sensitive and acceptable.

The target groups shall include

- Policy makers
- Opinion leaders
- Religious bodies
- Adolescents and youth
- · All men and women
- Clients with reproductive health concerns or problems

The main BCC activities for the promotion of reproductive health shall include the following:

- · Data collection, analyses and presentation
- Community involvement
- Training
- Material production
- Field testing
- Presentation
- Material distribution
- Resource mobilisation
- Community mobilisation e.g. during new yam festival, durbars
- Counselling
- · Interpersonal communication

The following strategies shall be used for the promotion of Reproductive Health

- Advocacy
- · Community mobilisation / involvement
- Involvement of the adult literacy programmes (in and out of school) at promoting Family Life Education (FLE)
- Strengthening the use of reproductive health database
- Intensifying outreach programmes

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Training

BCC promotion shall be undertaken at various levels by the following category of providers/officers:

Community

- CBD
- TBAs
- Patent Medicine Dealers
- VHWs
- Community Volunteers
- Peer Counsellors
- Teachers
- CHEWs

Health Post

As for community level

Basic Health Centre

- · Same as community level
- Public Health Nurses
- Midwives

Comprehensive Health Centre

- Same as Basic Health Centre
- School Counsellors
- Physicians
 - Public Health Nurses
 - Health Educators
 - Peer Counsellors
 - · Social Health Workers
 - NGOs

General Hospital

- · Same as Comprehensive Health Centre
- · Health Education Officers of different agencies
- BCC specialists
- NGOs

Specialist/Tertiary Hospital

· Same as above

Local Govt. Level

- LGA Chairmen
- · PHC / Director / Coordinator

State Level

- · Ministry of Information
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of Education

National Level

- The Health Education Branch of the Federal Ministry of Health
- · DCDPA, Federal Ministry of Health
- Population Information and Communication Bureau (Federal Ministry of Information)
- Nigerian Education Research and Development Council (NERDC)

3.0 TRAINING OF FP/REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICE PROVIDERS

All persons involved in the provision of family planning/ reproductive health services shall be given the appropriate training.

TRAINING CONTENT

Training shall focus on:

- BCC
- · Counselling Skills
- Interpersonal Communication Skills
- Family Planning/Contraceptive Technology
- Adolescent Reproductive Health
- RTI including STI/HIV/AIDS and PMTCT
- Prevention and Management of Infertility
- Infection Prevention
- Post-abortion Care
- Reproductive System Cancer Prevention and Screening (breast, cervix, prostate)
- Menopause/Andropause
- Clinical Skills
- Training and Facilitation Skills
- Contraceptives Logistics Management
- Management Information System
- Supervision, Monitoring and Evaluation
- Operations Research

PRE-SERVICE TRAINING

 FP/RH shall continue to be integrated in the pre-service training curricula of all health workers in order to provide for full integration of reproductive health services in the National Health Care Delivery System

IN-SERVICE TRAINING

- In-service training in FP/RH shall be in line with the Reproductive Health standards using the approved curricula to ensure sustained quality of service
- In-service training programmes shall ensure coverage of all service providers in both public and private sectors with regular updating of knowledge and skills
- The RH Division of the Federal Ministry of Health, in concert with other stakeholders collaborating in reproductive health, shall regularly review the Policy, Standards, Protocols and curricula as necessary
- Relevant aspects of reproductive health shall become an integral part of structured in-service training by health care providers
- In-service training services shall be decentralised to the States, LGAs and NGOs using identified and experienced RH trainers

POST BASIC AND POST GRADUATE TRAINING

The training of Nurses, Midwives, Physician & Specialists shall include:

- · Reproductive health components
- · Revision of curricula
- Specialised training in reproductive health planned according to the needs

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TRAINING OF OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICE PROVIDERS

- Trained staff shall be expected to transfer the knowledge and skills to colleagues in their work place. On-the-job training shall accompany all monitoring and supervisory activities prescribed by the Standards
- Duration of training shall be commensurate with the content and level of skills needed, as determined by accredited resource persons and as required by training modules
- All service providers shall be required to have undergone the appropriate in-service training before carrying out any additional or new tasks
- The Federal Ministry of Health, in collaboration with other relevant stakeholders and resource persons, shall regularly update resource materials, which should be made available to all training centres

4.0 HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

Human Resource Development shall address issues related to the cadres of healthcare providers, their numbers, functions, distribution, competences and the training and support they need to ensure equitable and quality RH services. It shall also take care of the present and future needs as an integral part of the National Human Resources Development Policy for Health.

PLANNING OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT

- The Health Sector, at all tiers of governance, shall develop projections of future needs and supply of Reproductive Health Service providers
- Management of the Reproductive Health workforce shall involve decentralised processing of personnel administration through the appropriate department or agency
- Appropriate cadres of service providers shall be distributed, according to workload as well as geographical spread, to cater for equitable access to services
- Community participation shall include provision of incentives for officers with heavy workloads and those working in 'hardship' areas

TRAINING AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

 All pre-service training curricula shall include Reproductive Health components

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These workers will increase the availability of Reproductive Health skills at all levels for service provision.

- Specialised training shall take into consideration National, State and LGA requirements and needs
- Access to Reproductive Health services, especially in rural areas, shall remain an important factor in the development and assignment of service providers

5.0 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (MIS)

The aim of management information system is to

Gather information that will facilitate decision-making for planning, implementation and evaluation of FP/RH services.

To achieve this, data collection tools shall be standardised. Data shall be collected, collated and analysed to inform and influence decisions at all levels.

All Ministries and Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs) shall ensure timely feedback to the appropriate levels through the established channels.

Information shall be collected on the following:

General

- Client records
- Service statistics
- Logistics records
- · Contraceptive methods
- Personnel
- Equipment

Family Planning

- · Contraceptive method
- · Method mix-modern, traditional
- · Couple Year of Protection (CYP)
- · Contraceptive prevalence by methods

Post-abortion Care

- · Number of post-abortion care services rendered
- · % of post-abortion care clients using a FP method

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% of admission for abortion related complications

Number of deaths as a result of abortion

STI Management

- % of clients counselled and given treatment on STI/HIV at SDP
- · Types and number of condoms distributed
- STI/HIV prevalence

Reproductive Tract Cancer Management

- · Number of clients screened
- Types of cancer
- Number of cases referred

Prevention and Management of Infertilty

- Numbers of clients screened
- Numbers of pregnancies achieved

Management of Menopause/Andropause

- Numbers of clients reporting
- Numbers of clients treated
- Numbers of clients referred

6.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE

The aim of quality assurance is to improve provider's performance and increase client's satisfaction.

Special attention shall be paid to:

- · Client-Provider Interaction
- · Privacy and confidentiality
- · Counselling for informed choice/decision
- Access to widest possible range of effective FP/RH services
- Access to Integrated Services
- Infection Prevention and Control
- Mechanisms to ensure follow-up
- Effective logistics management system
- · Technical competence of service providers
- · Service providers morale
- · Effective referral system

Strategies shall include:

- · Training and acquisition of skills
- Provision of:
 - Practical Guidelines
 - Administrative Procedures
 - Performance Standards and Protocols
 - Specifications
- Development of indicators to monitor quality of service delivery
- · Provision of materials to support services
- · Supportive supervision, monitoring and evaluation

Mechanisms/strategies to perform continuous monitoring of quality of care shall be based on clients' satisfaction and perception of the quality of care.

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The aim of these guidelines about financial resources shall be to ensure that adequate funds are available to support the provision and sustenance of quality and FP/RH services at all levels.

The sources of funding shall be both internal and external.

- Government and people of Nigeria shall strive to increase internal funding for FP and related RH programmes
- Federal, State and Local Governments shall provide annual budgetary allocations and release funds for implementation of FP/RH policy and programmes
- Federal Government shall mobilise external funds from development partners for FP/RH policy programme implementation including the RH Strategic Framework and Plan
- Federal, State and Local Governments shall provide necessary counterpart funding and contributions for the implementation of donor-assisted programmes and projects
- Government shall encourage organised private sector to support FP/RH programmes and activities
- Other financial management issues shall be as decided/ directed by relevant governments, communities and partners

SECTION TWO

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SUPERVISION, MONITORING, EVALUATION AND 8.0 RESEARCH

SUPERVISION

The aims of supervision are to:

• Guide, assist and support staff in order to improve their performance in their assigned tasks

Provide support to providers to resolve emerging concerns and problems

MONITORING AND EVALUATION (M&E) The aims of M&E are to:

- Assess, on a continuous and periodic basis how resources are being deployed to achieve set goals
- Provide information to make judgements and decisions on programmes

Monitoring assesses the progress of implementation while evaluation determines the effectiveness of activities and strategies.

Managers and Service Providers shall carry out monitoring and evaluation at all levels of the health care delivery system.

RESEARCH

The aims of research are to:

- Find out the magnitude of RH issues and collect information to help formulate appropriate strategies
- Generate information to influence policy

Governments at all levels shall encourage the development of a research culture within government, agencies, training and research institutions and NGOs in support of Reproductive Health programmes.

This shall include basic and operations research, the findings of which shall be disseminated and applied to improve the reproductive health status of the people.

9.0 BCC METHODS, CHANNELS AND MATERIALS

Behavioural Change Communication (BCC) is a crosscutting activity for all FP/RH services. It shall be provided at all levels of health care (Community, Health Posts, Basic and Comprehensive Health Centres, General Hospitals and Specialist / Tertiary Centres) through the following methods and using the underlisted materials:

METHODS/CHANNELS

- Health Talks
- Demonstrations
- Video shows
- Drama, songs
- Cultural festivals
- Community meetings
- Home visits
- Discussions with organised groups
- Film shows
- Radio and TV
- Quizzes
- Debates
- Panel discussions

MATERIALS

- Flip Charts
- Posters
- Leaflets
- Pamphlets
- Video and audio equipment
- Video camera
- Films/Slides

Projectors

Models (penile, breast, pelvic)

· Samples of contraceptives

- Newspapers
- Billboards
- Banners
- Souvenirs
- RAPID* Presentation

*RAPID is Resources for the Awareness of Population In Development. It is an advocacy tool used in promoting issues of population as they impact on development.

These methods and materials shall be used at all levels depending on the target group and resources available.

10.0 INFORMATION FOR CLIENTS SEEKING RH SERVICES

It is important that providers observe all ethical issues in clients seeking FP/RH services. At the end of the session, the client shall be provided information appropriate to his/her need from the topics listed below, to enable him/her to make an informed decision regarding the FP/RH service.

General Topics Relevant elements of:

- Anatomy and physiology of the human reproductive system
- · Human growth and development
 - Menarche/Male Puberty
 - Fertilisation
 - Pregnancy
 - Adolescence
 - Adulthood
 - Parenthood
 - Menopause/Andropause
- STI and HIV/AIDS risk behaviours
- Breastfeeding
- Gender issues
- Social/Cultural issues
- Rumours/Misconceptions

Family Planning

- · Types of available methods
- · How the method for which client shows interest works
- Advantages and disadvantages for methods that interest the client
- · Effectiveness of the method

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- · Side effects and their management
- · Eligibility and non-eligibility criteria
- · Return to fertility
- Clarification of misconceptions/rumours
- · Where to get them and cost
- Warning signs for early return to the health facility
- Follow up and re-supply (where applicable)
- Proper storage and maintenance
- Proper disposal of used and expired supplies

STIs & HIV/AIDS

Information:

- On the causes of STIs including HIV/AIDS
- On Voluntary Counselling and Testing (VCT)
- On risk factors and how to prevent them

Infertility

- · Causes of infertility
- · Relationship between infertility and RTIs
- Principles of management of infertility

Cancers Of Reproductive System

- Information regarding common cancers cervix, breast, prostate
- Risk factors
- Early detection (screening)
- Principles of management

Menopause & Andropause

- Information on the physiology of menopause and andropause
- · Common symptoms and signs
- Coping mechanisms
- Principles of management

11.0 FAMILY PLANNING METHODS AND SERVICES

Types of family planning methods and services provided at each level of the health delivery system and the various cadres of service providers:

LEVELS OF SERVICES	TYPES OF FAMILY PLANNING METHODS AND SERVICES	SERVICE PROVIDERS
◆ Community	 Counseling Condoms Spermicides LAM Re-supply of oral contraceptives 	CBD Agent, TBA Patent medicine dealers Pharmacists CHEWs
Health Post	Same as community	• CHEWs
Basic Health Centre	Same as for above plus Fertility awareness methods Injectables IUD Oral contraceptives Diaphragms Emergency Contraception	Midwives Nurses CHO
Comprehensive Health Centre	Same as for basic health centre above plus Implants and Sterilization for both men and women	Same as for basic health centre plus Physicians Specialists (Ob/Gyn) if available
Specialist / Tertiary Hospital	Same as above	Same as above plus Specialists (Ob/Gyn)

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HISTORY TAKING

History taking is the process of collecting information from the client to enable the service provider assist the client in making an informed decision/choice. Ensuring privacy and confidentiality are important requirements during history taking.

The information obtained shall include

BIODATA

- (Name, age, address, sex, marital status, religion)
- Social History
- Medical History (Past and Present)
- Menstrual History
- Sexual History
- ♦ Gynaecologic /Obstetric History
- Contraceptive History

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Physical examination assesses the client's health status and suitability for a chosen service. This consists of the general and systemic examinations.

General Examination

- Gait
- Facial expression
- Pronounced disability or obvious ill-health
- Pallor
- Jaundice
- ♦ Temperature

- Pulse
- Respiration rate
- Blood pressure
- Weight
- ♦ Height

Systemic Examination (if relevant and accepted by client)

- Breast
- ♦ Abdomen
- ♦ Pelvic speculum and bimanual
- Rectal (Prostate examination) men for over 50 years

13.0 FAMILY PLANNING / REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH BASIC LABORATORY TESTS

These tests shall be carried out at various levels of care, where indicated, as facilities permit. However where facilities are not available for necessary tests, the client shall be referred appropriately.

TYPES

- · Urinalysis (hot and cold) albumin, glucose and acetone
- · Blood for Hb, PCV, malaria parasites and sickling test
- · Pregnancy test
- Pap smear
- Microscopy, culture and sensitivity (high vaginal / endocervical swabs)

14.0 ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR FAMILY PLANNING METHODS

The following tables will guide the provider in assessing the eligibility of clients to use the various methods of family planning.

METHODS	WHO CAN USE	WHO CANNOT USE
Fertility Awareness Method	Client's choice is influenced by religious or other personal reasons Other methods are unsuitable Medical care is inaccessible An inexpensive method is required	◆ Absence of knowledgeable instructor to teach the client ◆ Client is not motivated ◆ Client cannot understand how to use the methods ◆ Menses are irregular (for calendar method) ◆ There is alteration of cervical mucus e.g. infections, erosions ◆ Immediate postpartum, post-abortion, during
	Who can use with caution LAM is not advisable for HIV positive mothers because of risk of transmission from mother to child. However, if HIV+ mother chooses to breastfeed, LAM is recommended.	breastfeeding LAM cannot be used in clients treated for some chronic illnesses such as hypertension and diabetes (because of presence of drug in breastmilk). LAM can not be used in clients treated for some chronic illnesses
Spermicides	Client does not want to use systemic or other forms of contraception Other methods are not suitable Intercourse is infrequent There is need to enhance the effectiveness of the diaphragm and/or condom There is fear that other methods may interfere with successful lactation Emergency Contraception is more effective than Spermicides for failed withdrawal Medical personnel are unavailable or inaccessible to initiate other clinical methods There is a need to delay first	High risk of STIs HIV/AIDS: risk of HIV transmission is increased Its typical high failure rate makes it unsuitable for those whose health will be endangered by

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Diaphragm	 Intercourse is infrequent No other contraceptive method is available or acceptable to client Other contraceptives are unsuitable The woman's choice is diaphragm 	 History of allergy or sensitivity to latex rubber or spermicides Past toxic shock syndrome
Male Condom	Non-prescription-type contraceptive is desired The male wants to share the contraceptive responsibility No other contraceptive methods are available or acceptable to the couple Multiple sexual partners are involved Back up contraceptive for some other methods, if required, or dual protection Sexual intercourse is infrequent Wants STI/HIV protection	Allergy to latex (rubber) Inability to sustain erection
Female Condom	Non-prescription-type contraceptive is desired No other contraceptive methods are available or acceptable to the couple Clients not eligible for IUD & hormonal contraceptives Multiple sexual partners are involved Back up contraceptive for some other methods is required	Genital prolapse Vaginal abnormalities e.g. septa, atresia/stenosis

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Combined Oral Contraceptives	Adolescents Nulliparous women Post partum (3 weeks if not breast feeding) Immediate Post-abortion Women with varicose veins Any weight (fat or thin) Asthmatic client Women with these conditions can use COCs with caution (i.e. being seen by physician) Diabetes mellitus (stabilised; without kidney, eye or vascular disease) Severe headaches (migraine) Epilepsy Varicose veins (deep) Benign breast disease (non oestragen dependent) Uterine fibroids Endametriosis	Pregnancy History of raised blood pressure (Systolic above 140 mmHg and/or diastolic above 90mmHg). History of cerebrovascular disease (stroke) Have coronary artery disease (heart attack) History of pre-existing tumours of the breast or genital organs Current or past thrombophlebitis (e.g. constant and severe pains at the back of the legs). Age above 35 years and smokes Breast feeding (less than 6 months post partum) Existing liver disease.
		(jaundice or yellow eyes) Gallbladder disease Use of rifampin or anticonvulsants
Progestin Only Oral Contraceptive	Clients: Of all reproductive ages and parity. (Adolescent and Nulliparous) Breastleeding (after 6 weeks) With raised blood pressure, varicose veins or sickle cell anaemia With oestrogen related side effects Desiring minipills Of any weight (fat or thin) Who just had an abortion Smoking cigarette Benign breast disease Headaches Iron deficiency anaemia Varicose veins Valvular heart disease FID STIs Heavy painful menstrual period	Mononucleosis (relapsing fever) Tuberculosis patient on rifampicin treatment; anticonvulsants < 6 weeks postpartum & breastfeeding Severe fibrosis of the liver Liver tumours (benign & malignant) Thromboembolic disarders Unexplained vaginal bleeding Breast cancer
	Uterine fibroid Epilepsy	

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Emergency Contraceptives	Clients: Of all reproductive ages and parity including adolescents Who have just experienced rape, or incest With contraceptive failure e.g. breakage of condom, or missed pill Who had unplanned sexual intercourse	There are no contraindications for single use except current severe migraine history of deep venous thrombosis or thromboembolism
Injectables ● Progestin	Clients: Of all reproductive ages including adolescents and the nulliparous Who are breastfeeding, after 6 weeks Desiring hormonal contraception Who want to use a contraceptive method confidentially In whom combined pills are contraindicated With sickle cell disease With oestrogen related complications	Breast and genital cancers Abnormal vaginal bleeding Pregnancy Depression History of stroke, heart attack or blood clot problem Hypertension (systolic of 160 mmHg and above and/or diastolic of 100 mmHg and above) History of liver disease or acute liver disease Diabetes with vascular diseases
•Combined (oestrogen and progestin)	Clients: Of all reproductive ages and parity including nulliparous women Who want highly effective method against pregnancy Who are breastfeeding (6 months and above) Who are post parturn and not breastfeeding Who are post abortion With anaemia With severe menstrual cramping	Pregnancy Breastfeeding of less than 6 weeks post partum Gallbladder disease Using anticonvulsants or riphampin Unexplained vaginal bleeding Active liver disease (viral hepatitis) Over 35 years and who smoke History of heart disease, stroke or high blood pressure (> 180/110 mmHg)

	With irregular menstrual cycles Who cannot remember to take their pill every day	 Gall bladder disease Clients using Anti- convulsatnts or Rifampici History of blood clotting problems or uncontrolled diabetes Migraines and focal neurologic symptoms Breast cancer
Contraceptive Implant	Want long-term contraception Want highly effective reversible contraception that does not require daily action Are delaying the start of their family, have completed their family or do not want children Require user-independent method Have completed their family sizes but are not yet decided on, or are not suitable for sterilisation Cannot use estrogens	Liver disease (jaundice, painful or enlarged liver, viral hepatitis, tumour) Unexplained vaginal bleeding History of blood clot in the legs, lungs or eyes Cancer of the breast Stroke Little tolerance for menstrual bleeding irregularities Breastfeeding < 6 weeks On rifampicin or griseofulvin On anticonvulsants
	Women who can use with follow-up visit Benign breast disease Diabetes mellitus without kidney disease Blood clotting problems Raised blood pressure (systolic above 160 mm Hg or diastolic above 100mm Hg) Epilepsy Gallbladder disease Mental depression Headaches Sickle cell disease Thyroid disease Obesity Iron deficiency anaemia Varicose veins Benign ovarian tumours and fibroids	

and fibroids

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Intra Uterine Devices	Desiring child spacing Prefers it and has no contraindication For whom hormonal contraceptives are contraindicated Has completed childbearing but does not wish to have surgery Has menorrhagia of functional nature (use progestin -bearing IUD where available)	Suspected pregnancy, (Intrauterine or ectopic) Malignancy of the genital organs Abnormal vaginal bleeding of undetermined origin Acute pelvic inflammatory disease (PID) TB pelvis STI/HIV/AIDS Chorioamnionitis Prolonged premature rupture of membranes
	Women who can use IUD with follow-up Chronic Pelvic Inflammatory Disease Recurrent heavy periods (use IUD with levonorgestrel Cervicitis or cervical erosion Severe anaemia (PCV less than 25%) Uterine fibroids (mainly sub-mucous ones) Age less than 16 years except in special circumstances Nulligravida Multiple sexual partners Sickle cell disease Vascular heart disease Clotting disorders (excessive bleeding)	(for PPIUD only) History of acute PID (within the last three months) After septic abortion (i.e. immediately after abortion involving genital tract infection) Allergy to copper (for copper IUDs)

Client preference Voluntary Surgical Women Who Cannot Use Couples who do not Contraception Pregnancy want more children Infection Clients with bad Genital tract cancers obstetric history, e.g. Angemia severe pregnancyinduced hypertension, those who have had 3 Men Who Cannot Use or more repeated Scrotal Infection caesarean sections, and Filariasis / Elephantiasis grandmultips) of the scrotum Couples with serious Intrascrotal mass inherited diseases such Client uncertain about as haemophilia the decision Systemic conditions such as severe kidney, liver or heart disease. Clients that have severe mental and physical handicaps that make carrying a pregnancy or motherhood a major problem Contraindications to temporary methods HIV/AIDS Can use with follow-up Women: • Age less than 18 years (only in special conditions) Has not become preanant since PID (without using contraceptives) Ischaemic/valvular heart disease Strokes Uterine fibroids Obesity Hypothyroidism Blood diseases, e.a. sickle cell disease · Anaemias (inherited, iron deficiency, anaemia with Hb of 7-10gm/dc)

CLIENT SCREENING

040000 4 AUAOBA 00 0000 ADADAA AUAUAA O 0 0 0000 CONTRACEPTIVE METHODS
METHODS SPERMICIDES O 0000 O U

N/A N/A

> safe use of the contraceptive method in all circumstances,

be appropriate for good preventive health care, but not related to safe use of the contraceptive method commended in

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Epilepsy

· with diabetes

up: Men

Can use with follow-

Procedures at initial visit by method 15.0

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HYSICAL	200	ANNIER	WAXXIIX BILLIOUS	S. Branch and Market	-	The second second second			VASECTOMY	BTL
EXAMINATION /	Z ON	CONDOM	DIATRAGE							T
	-	3	p	n	Þ	A	>	O	O	T
EXAMINATION Weight	Г			2		A	>	C	o	1
	-	C		0	,	0	0	C	N/A	
Breast	Z/A	N/A	0	010	2 0	0	0	0	>	
Abdomen	C	C	0		0	30	0	0	N/A	C
Pelvis	N/A	N/A	æ	c				1		T
LAB TESTS Haemoglobin Urine "Pap Smear HVS	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000

FOLLOW - UP VISIT

17.0 CLIENT SCREENING: SPECIAL ONSIDERATIONS

 Screening shall include the following services Pap smear, colposcopy, gynoscopy

For diabetic clients, it is advisable to perform random and fasting blood sugar before providing hormonal, surgical, or IUD to assess the degree of the control of the diabetics

 For clients with raised BP, blood pressure measurement is mandatory prior to initiation and re-supply of hormonal methods and prior to provision of sterilisation

 The combined oral contraceptive (COC) and combined injectable contraceptives (CIC) are not the first choice for clients with sickle cell disease

FOLLOW-UP SCHEDULES AND QUANTITY OF SUPPLIES

Contraceptive	First Fallow Lb Visi	it	Subsequent Visits	
Methods	Schedule	Supplies	Schedule	Supplies
Candamand Spermiodes	When necessary	As required by dient	When necessary	As required by dient
Dahragm	3morths	Cheetra cap a daphragm	1 year	As required by dient
Injectables:				
DMPA	3 months/12 weeks	N/A	Every 3 months/12 weeks	NA
NET-BN	2 months / 8 weeks	NA	Every 2 months / 8 weeks	NA
Gddem	1 marth/4 weeks	N/A	Every month/4 weeks	NA
Implants	One week	NA	Yearly	NA
Ord Pills	1-3 months	1-5 cycles	6-12 months	7-13 cycles
ILD (Interval/ Postporturn)	4 veds-6 veds	NA	Yearly	NA
Sterilization	1 week	N/A	N/A	N/A

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DMPA NET-EN Norethisterone Enanthate - Depot Medroxy Progesterone Acetate Not applicable have any concerns shall not initiate OCPs but can resupply be encouraged to return to the clinic if they Irrespective of this schedule, client should implant must come for removal of the IUD or the Clients should be reminded of the time they TBAs/CBDs and Patent Medicine Dealers

KEY

18.0

POST-ABORTION SERVICES

Trained service providers at the appropriate level of service delivery shall provide post-abortion care

						LE	EVELS							
	Community	Health post	8	Basic Hea	ith		preher Health		Gene	rai Hos	pital	Specia	list / Te	rtiary
ACTIVITY/ PROVIDER	TBA	CHEW	N /MW	CHEW	CHO- PHN	N /MW	PHY	CHO- PHN	N /MW	PHY	OBS	N /MW	PHY	OBS
Registration	+	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
History	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	+	+	+	+
Physical Exam	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Obst Exam	0	0	+	+	±	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Vaginal Exam	0	0	+	+	±	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	*	+
Lab	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	*	+	0	0	0
Resuscitation	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Referral	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0
Mgt of complications	0	0	+	+	+	+		+	.*	+	+	+	+	+
Use of MVA	0	0	+	0	0	+	+	±	±	+	+	±	+	+
FP Counselling and services	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+:	*	*	*

Key 0 + ±

PHY =

Physician Nurses/Midwife

CHO-PHN =

Community Health Officer with Public

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform

N/MW = OBS Obstetrician / Gynaecologist Community Health Extension Worker CHEW =

Health Nurse

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11 11 11 No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform

+ + 0 Xe

ACTIVITY/ PROVIDER						200					
		Community	ity		Basic Health	5	00	mprehe	Comprehensive Health Centre	Ith Cent	97
	CBD	TBA	CHEWs	CHEWs	PCHO	WW/N	CHEWs	1.7	N/M/N	CHO. PHY	РНҮ
History			+		+	+		0			+
Physical Exam	0	0	+	+	+		0	0	+	+	+
Laboratory Tests	0	0	+	0	,			+	+	0	0
Counselling	+	+	+	+	+			+	+	+	+
Immunisation (HBV)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+		0
Syndromic treatment	0	0	0	0		+	0	0			
Definitive treatment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Provision of condom	+					+		0	+		+
Contact tracing	+							0		+	
Management of patients / contact(s)	0	0	0	0	٠		0	0	0		
900	+		*		+		+	*	+	+	+
Referral								0			
Follow-up			+	+	+	+		0			+

Community, Basic Health Centre, and Comprehensive Health Centre

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF RTIS INCLUDING STIS / HIV/AIDS

19.0

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PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF RTIS INCLUDING STIS/HIV/AIDS (Contd) General Hospital and Specialist / Tertiary Health Centre

ACTIVITY/PROVIDER					LEVELS				
		General	ral			Spec	Specialist/Tertiary	7	
	NW/N	CHOPHN	5	ЬΗΥ	SPEC	N/W/N	PHY	SPEC	H
History	+	+	0	+		0	+	+	0
Physical Examination		+	0	+	+	+	+	+	0
Laboratory tests	0	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	+
Counselling	+	+	+				+	+	0
Immunisation	+	+	0	0	0	+	0	0	0
Syndromic treatment	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	0
Definitive treatment	0	0	0	+	+	0	+	+	0
Provision of candom	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	ō
Contact tracing	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	0
Management of contact	0	0	0	+	+	0	*	+	0
BCC	*	*	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Referral	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Follow-up	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	0

Key

0 + +1

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform

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							LEVELS	ST						
		Community	inity		Basic Health Centre	aith Ce	ntre			Comprehensive Heath Centre	ensive	Heath C	entre	
ACTIVITY / PROVIDER	CBD	TBA	TBA CHEWS	CHEWs	PHO	۶	PHA	WW	CHEWS	PHO	5	N/MW PHA	PHA	PHY
BCC	+	+				+			+				+	+
Provision of condom	+			+	+	+	*	+	+	+	+			+
History	+			+		0	*			+	0	+	0	+
Physical Exam	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	0	+	0	+
Counselling	+	+	+		+	0	+	+		+	0	+	+	+
Laboratory Test	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0
Speciality investigations e.g. Laparoscopy / Hysterosalpingography	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+
Definitive treatment: Ovulation Induction & Monitoring	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+
Tubal micro-surgery and Laparoscopic tubal surgery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assisted Conception	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Artificial Insemination	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+
Referral	+		+	+	+			+		+	+	+	+	+

INFERTILITY PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT

20.0

INFERTILITY PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT (Contd)

ACTIVITY/ PROVIDER						LEV	LEVELS				
				General				Specialis	Spacialies/Tartiary Hospital	Hoenies I	
	LT	OU	NW/N	PHA	ЬΗΥ	SPEC	1.1	N/W/N	PHA	PHY	SPEC
BCC	0										
Provision of Condam	0										•
History	0			0							+
Physical Exam	0						0 0	0	0		*
Counselling	0			0			0	0	0		+
aboratory tasts			+		+	+	0		**	+	*
application y leads		0	250	0		٠		0	0		
Laparoscopy & HSG	0	0	0	0			0	0	0		*
Definitive treatment - Ovulation induction and monitoring	0	0	0	0	٠	0	0	0	٠	+	٠
- Tubal micro-surgery and laparoscopic tubal surgery	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	**	
Assisted conception	0	0	0	0	0		U	0	0		1
Artificial insemination	0	0	0	0	0			000	3 0		
Adoption	0	0	0	0			0	0	0		•
Dafares							3	2	0	*	

Yes Yes

= Where Trained/Competent to per

Nigerian National FP/RH Service Policy and Standards

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform

CHO-PHN N/MW PHA PHY SPEC N/MW PHA PHY SICondom + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +					General Hospital	Hospital		S	becialist/T	Specialist/Tertiary Hospital	pital
Sign of Condom			CHO-PHN	N/WW	PHA	РНҮ	SPEC	NW/N	PHA	PHY	SPEC
sign of Condom + 0	00		+	,		+		+	*	+	+
## # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	CC.							+	+	+	*
H + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	rovision or cond	1110			0		٠		0	+	
EVIX 1	ouncelling			+	+	+	+		+	+	1
1	Joine Evam				0		+		0	+	
1	an Smear	Ī		+	0		+	+	0		
	Inaided visual	,	+1	+1	0	+	٠		0		•
	appending of the		0		0	+	+		0	+	*
	o de outone		0	0	0	+		0	0	+1	*
	Land Dioper		0	0	0	+	+	0	0	+	*
ment 0 0 0 ± + + 0 0 0	unca biopey		0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	*
ment 0 0 0 ± + + 0 0 0 +	Seferral		+	+		+	+			+	*
+ + 0	Def Treatment		0	0	0	+1	+	0	0	+	*
+	Follow-up		+	+	0	+	0	0	+	+	•
	н										
н	н	us	1								
No III		STATE OF THE PARTY AND									

CERVICAL CANCER

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM CANCERS (Contd)

21.0 Service providers at each level of the health system will perform the following activities for the prevention and management of reproductive tract cancers (especially cervix, breast and prostate). PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM CANCERS

CERVICAL CANCER

inspection of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Story	ACTIVITY / PROVIDER BCC Provision of condom	PROVIDER	+ + CBD	TBA CH	CHEWs	CHEWs	Basic Health Centre	+ + PHA	> e	A NWW + +	+ + WW VETS	+ + WW	MWW LA CHEWS	MWW LA CHEWS	MWW LA CHEWS	MW LA CHEWS CHO LT PHN + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
stion of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	scion of 0 0 0 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	condi	mc	+		+		+	+		П	00	00	+	+ +	+	+
sction of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Section of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			+ +	+ +	+ +	+ +	+ +	+ 0	+ +	_	00	+ +		+ +	+ +	+ + + + 0
inspection of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	inspection of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	c Exan		0	0	0	0	+	0	+	0		1	0	+	0 + 0	0 + 0 +
inspection of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	inspection of 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 + 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ap Smear		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0 0 +
ment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ynoscopy 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 + oloposcopy 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Inaided visi ervix	ual inspection of	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	l uses	0	0 0		0	0 0	0 0
tment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Objooscopy 0	Gynoscopy		0	0	0	0	0	0	+		0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0
ment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	unch Biopsy 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Colposcopy		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0 0 0
ment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	one Biopsy	unch Biops	y	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0 0		0 0	0 0	0 0
Treatment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	efinitive Treatment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Cone Biops		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0 0
Treatment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	efinitive Treatment: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Referral		+	+	+	+	+	+	+		0	0 +	0 +	+	+	+ +
0 0 +	ollow-up 0 0 +	Definitive Tr	eatment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0 0		0	0 0	0 0 0
	н	ollow-up		0	0	+	+	+	+	+		0	0 +	0 +	+	+	+ + 0 +
		0	No														
		н	Yes														

0 0 0

+ + 0 Key

		Community	inity	8	Basic Health Centre	ntre	Co	morehensive L	Control of the Contro	
	כמכ	700	CUEINIC	CUENT	2000		000	South continue Leath Celific	cattle centre	
ACTIVITY / PROVIDER	CBC	0.0	CHEVVS	CHEWS	CHEWS PHN-CHO N/MW	WWW	CHEWs	CHO-PHN	WWW.	PHY
BCC										
CCC	,		*	+				*		-
History								,	,	4
			-	,	,	+	+	+	+	+
Counselling			+	+	+					
Teach Breast Self Evam	0		-					-	,	+
The second second second second					,	+	+	*	+	+
Routine Breast Exam	0	0	+	+		+				
Referral		-	-	1						+
- September 1		4			+		+	+	+	+
Specialised Investigation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		-
Definitive Treatment	2	2	2	,						
PARTITION AND TAXABLE SAME	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CIIOW-UD	+		+	+	+	+				

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM CANCERS (Contd)

BREAST CANCER

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM CANCERS (Contd) BREAST CANCER.

					LEVELS LEVELS		
		Seneral Ho	spital			Specialist / Tertiary	
ACTIVITY / PROVIDER	CHO-PHN N/MW	N/W W	G.	SPEC	N/W W	>- I G.	SPEC
BCC			+	+	+		
History	+		+	٠			
Counselling			+	٠	+		٠
Teach Breast Self Exam		+	+	+			+
Routine Breast Exam							+
Referral		,	+		0		
Specialised Investigations	0	0	+1	+	0		*
Definitive Treatment	0	0	0	٠	0	0	٠
Follow-up							+

Key

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to p

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform . . . X 0 + +1

				LEVELS		STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN C	-
		Gener	ral Hospital		Speci	Specialist/ Tertlary Centre	Centre
ACTIVITY / PROVIDER	CHO-PHN	N/M/V	ν	SPEC	NW/Z	ЬНΥ	SPEC
BCC		0		٠	0	*	•
History			•		•		٠
Counselling			,				٠
Teach Prostate Self Exam							+
Rectal Exam	0	0			0	•	٠
Routine Testicular Exam	0	+1			+1	•	*
Referral			+			•	+
Specialised Investigation	D	0	+		o		٠
Definitive Treatment	0	0	0		0	0	+
Follow-up	0	0			0	٠	٠

PROSTATE CANCER

PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM CANCERS (Contd)

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PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM CANCERS

PROSTATE CANCER

		Community	nity	Basic	Basic Health Centre	ntre	Comp	Comprehensive Heath Centre	Heath Cen	tre
ACTIVITY / PROVIDER	CBD	ABT	CHEWs	CHEWs	PHO.	W/WW	CHEWs	PHO.	WW.N	PHY
800		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
History	0	0	+				+	+	+	+
Counselling	0	0				+		+	+	
Teach Prostate Self Exam	0	0	0	0		0	0	+	0	+
Rectal Exam	0	0	0	0	1+	1+	0	0	0	+
Needle Biopsy	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0
Laboratory Test	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+
Definitive Treatment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Specialised investigation	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	0	0	
Referral		+	+			+			+	+
Follow-up	0	0	0	0		+	0	+	+	+

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform

	No	×e>	Where Trained / Competent to perform	
	н	H.	11	
Key	0	+	+1	

				LEVELS			
			General Hospital		Speci	Specialist/ Tertiary Centre	Centre
ACTIVITY/PROVIDER	CHO-PHN	N/W/N	ЬΗΥ	SPEC	N/WW	УНЧ	SPEC
ВСС					+	+	+
Counselling			+	+	+	+	
History Taking							
Physical Exam		+		+	0		
Laboratory Investigation	0	0		*	0	+	
Definitive management	0	0	,	+	0		
Referral	+	*	+	+		+	
Follow-up		+					+
The second secon							

ACTIVITIES FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT MENOPAUSE / ANDROPAUSE (Contd.)

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ACTIVITIES FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT MENOPAUSE / ANDROPAUSE

Activities for responding to concerns about menopause / andropause will be performed by service providers at each level of health system as follows:

	-					LEVELS	S				
		Community	inity	Health	Basic	Basic Health Centre	entre	Comp	rehensiv	Comprehensive Heath Centre	ntre
ACTIVITY / PROVIDER	CBD	TBA	CHEWs	CHEWs	CHEWS	PHN.	WW/N	CHEWs	PHO-	WW.N	РНҮ
800	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+
Counselling	0	0				+	+		+	+	
History Taking	0	0				+	+			+	+
Physical Exam	0	0	,		+	,	+	+	+	+	+
Lab Investigation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+
Definitive Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+
Referral		+	+	+		+		+	+	+	
Follow-up			+	+		+	+	+			+

H + 0 |X

H H H

No Yes Where Trained / Competent to perform

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23.0 FUNCTIONS OF REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

SERVICE PROVIDER	FUNCTIONS
CBD/TBA/Patent Medicine Sellers	Counselling clients on family planning methods, STIs/HIV and infertility prevention Initiate and supply barrier methods (except diaphragm) Re-supply pills Refer clients requesting other methods as necessary Perform activities of safe motherhood care especially those that will help to overcome the three levels of dela Counsel and refer clients with other reproductive health problems e.g. complications of abortion, infertility, STD victims of unprotected sexual intercourse Record keeping and reporting And any other Reproductive Health functions approved by the Ministry of Health
Pharmacists CHEWs	All of the above plus Emergency Oral Contraception (as stated in the National FP/RH service protocols And any other Reproductive Health functions approved by the Ministry of Health
Nurses	All of the above plus Initiate and re-supply pills Administer injectables And any other Reproductive Health functions approved by the Ministry of Health
Midwives/Family Planning Nurses CHOs (PHN)	All of the above plus Insertion/Removal of IUD (if trained) Insertion / Removal of Implants (if trained) First line management of side effects and complications Past-abortion care including Manual Vacuum Aspiration (MVA) (if trained) Prevention and Management of RTI including STIs/HIV/AIDS Operations research Any other Reproductive Health functions approved by the Ministry of Health

	Physicians/Specialists	All of the above plus Voluntary Surgical Contraception (if trained) Management of method failure Management of side-effects and complications of contraceptives Definitive management of Reproductive Health conditions such as infertility and cancers of reproductive organs
--	------------------------	--

24.0 TRAINING REQUIREMENTS BY TYPE OF HEALTH CARE PROVIDER

SERVICE PROVIDER	TRAINING REQUIREMENTS
CBD/TBA/Patent medicine sellers	 Basic Human Reproductive Anatomy an Physiology Antenatal care (Risk assessment), support for household productio Rationale for Family Planning Types of Family Planning methods EC and Counselling skills Breast Examination General counselling Method specific counselling Counselling on STIs/HIV/AIDS Dual protection Adolescent health Menopause Cancers of the reproductive system and breast Infertility and RTIs Breast Examination Dispelling rumours and misconceptions in family planning and reproductive health Promotion of exclusive breastfeeding in the 1st 6 months Screening for appropriate contraceptive methods using a checklist and referral procedures Prevention and control of infection, including STIs/HIV/AIDS Menopause Prevention of infertility Identification and referral of clients with abortion and pregnancy related complications Family Planning Commodities and supplies/logistics management Record keeping and reporting Oral Rehydration Therapy Prevention and Treatment of malaria Immunisation promotion Discouragement of harmful practices that affect reproductive system e.g. Female genital mutilation And any other subjects as per existing curricula
CBD supervisor	And any other subjects as per existing curricula

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Pharmacists, CHEWs	All of the above, plus Adolescent reproductive health Emergency oral contraception		
Nurses , CHOs	All of the above, plus Physical examination skills for FP/Reproductive Health (especially recognition of RTIs and reproductive system cancers) Diagnosis and Management of Reproductive Tract Infections, including STIs and HIV/AIDS Supervision, Monitoring & Evaluation of services And any other subjects as per pre-service curriculum		
Midwives/Family Planning Nurses, CHOs (PHN)	All of the above plus Antenatal care Risk assessment Tetanus toxoid immunisation Breast examination Identification and referral of pregnancy complications		
	Labour and delivery Use of partograph Active management of labour including breech Vacuum extraction Episiotomy repair Manual removal of placenta Resuscitation of mother and/or neonate		
	Postnatal care Initiation of breastfeeding Care of the neonate Prevention and management of unsafe abortion;		
	use of MVA, emergency treatment of abortion complications, counselling and provision of post-abortion, contraceptive method of choice + IUD insertion and removal		
	Implants insertion and removal Implants insertion and removal Referral for other Reproductive Health services		

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	 Screening for cancers of reproductive system: Unaided visual inspection Gynoscopy Management Information System (MIS) Clinic organisation and management Quality assurance of reproductive health services First line management of side effects and complication of contraceptive methods Operations research: data collection, basic data analysis interpretation and application of results And any other subjects as per pre-service curricula
Physicians	All of the above plus Low cavity forceps delivery Caesarean section Evacuation of the uterus using MVA or dilatation and curettage (D&C) Endotracheal intubation of the neonate Cut down procedures done when it is difficult to access the veins Emergency laparotomy (e.g. for obstetric hysterectomy) Minilaparotomy Sterilisation Vasectomy Screening and management of breast and reproductive tract cancers (pap smear, PSA etc) Management of infertility: evaluation of infertility (including HSG, laparoscopy/dye test, endometrial biopsy, semen analysis), induction of ovulation Management of side effects and complications of contraceptive methods including method failure Management of high-risk pregnancy Pregnancy-induced hypertension Diabetes in pregnancy Heart disease in pregnancy Rhesus isoimmunisation Anaemia in pregnancy Complicated deliveries Craniotomy And any other topics as per undergraduate and/or postgraduate curricula

Obstetrician/Gynaecologist	All of the above plus Specialised management of infertility Tubal microsurgery/Endoscopic surgery Myomectomy Laparoscopy and hysteroscopy Assisted conception techniques Artificial insemination Specialised management of cancers of the reproductive tract Cone biopsy Cryotherapy Abdominal/vaginal hysterectomy
	 Repair of obstetric fistulae Repair of uterovaginal prolapse Amniocentesis Chorionic villus sampling All of the above

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25.0 LIST OF REQUIREMENTS FOR EFFECTIVE TRAINING CENTRE

1. Training Centre Facilities

- Conference room with appropriate furniture
- Meeting rooms for group work (up to 4 groups)
- ♦ Washrooms
- ★ Kitchenette
- Air conditioning
- Good lighting
- Screen
- Overhead projectors (2)
- Slide projectors (2)
- TV and Video-Cassette Recorder (VCR)
- Flipcharts/easel board (3)
- Camcorder
- Radio-cassette player
- Anatomical Models (pelvic, penis, breast, male and female reproductive system)
- Posters
- Public address system
- Photocopying machine
- Desktop computer with printer
- Telephone / fax
- Reference library
- Transport facility
- First Aid kit

2. Personnel

- Adequate number of effective trainers
- Logistic Officer
- Secretarial Staff

3. Training Materials package

- Standardised, integrated, comprehensive and competency-based curricula for the appropriate types of training e.g. modules, manuals, reference materials
- Service policy and standards
- National FP/RH Service Protocols
- ♦ Training schedule
- Handouts
- Stationery

4. Practicum Sites

- Accessible
- Adequate space
- Adequate client load
- Adequate equipment/supplies
- Adequate number of clinical instructors
- Anatomical models
- IEC materials for client education

Funds

Adequate funds to meet all expenses

26.0 LOGISTIC STANDARDS STANDARD EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLY BY SERVICE DELIVERY POINT

Community level

- ♦ IEC materials
- Contraceptive supplies
- Container for storage of supplies
- Carrier Bag
- ♦ Megaphone
- ID cards
- TBA kit contents
- Mackintosh sheet
- Mackintosh apron
- Soap dish with soap
- Hand towel
- ♦ 2 medium plastic bowls
- Blade (pkt)
- Cord ligature
- Cotton wool in a bag
- Dettol or savlon (in bottle)
- Methylated spirit (in bottle)
- Bleach (Hypochlorite 0.5%)
- ORS sachets
- Gloves
- Ergometrine tabs
- Penis model
- Record forms
- Referral cards
- TBA record book
- ♦ Checklist

Basic Health Centre level

- Furniture e.g. filing cabinet/cupboard
- IEC material

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- Stationary
- Registers
- Files
- Out-patient cards
- ID cards
- Radio cassette player with audio cassettes
- Wheel chair
- Trolley
- Height measure
- Gynoscope
- Cheatle forceps and instrument jar
- Oxygen cylinder, regulator, mask and tubes
- Wall clock
- Examination table with stirrups
- Pedal bin
- Angle-poised lamp/torch light with batteries
- BP apparatus/stethoscope/
- foetoscope (sonicaid and Pinnard's)
- Weighing scales
- Screen
- Wooden steps/stool
- Instrument tray
- Hand wash basin/sink
- Storage tank with tap
- Soap/detergents
- Bed linen/pillow
- Sterilisers
- Disinfectant
 - Arm length gloves
- Gloves
- Face mask
- Dressing
- Bowls for chlorine solution

		Mucus extractor	E
		Ambu bag	
	*	Resuscitation kit	E
		Instrument drum	<u>F</u>
		Urine testing kit	F. 1
	*	IUD kit	Sec.
	•	Contraceptive supplies	
	•	IV Infusion set and drip stand	E
	•	Syringes & needles	
	•	Essential drugs	per :
	•	Delivery kit	_
	•	Sanitary pads	2
		Cotton wool	Sen.
		Microscope, slides and cover slips and	1
		reagents	En :
	•	Vacuum extractor	- 1
	•	Bacteriology swabs	E
	•	Generator/hurricane lamp	
	*	Cervical screening kit	E
		Refrigerator	.
	*	Stove	E .
	*	Lamp stand	_ !
	+	Hypochlorite solution	E
	•	Oxytocin	Ser.
	*	ARVs	- 1
Compr	ehensive	Misoprostol e Health Centre Level	E
		All of the above plus	E :
	*	TV and Video Cassette Recorder (VCR)	-
	*	Video Cassettes	E
	•	Implant Kit	
	*	MVA Kit (2)	
	•	Minilap Kits (4)	-
	*	Emergency laparotomy kits (2)	2
	•	Anaesthetic machine (2)	
	Nige	ria National FP/RH Service Policy and Standards	
		7.1	

Suction machine

Infusion pump

Autoclave

Theatre table

Theatre light

Surgical gowns

X-ray

Blood bank

Sponge holding forceps

Artery forceps

♦ Antibody Test Kit

General Hospital Level All of the above plus

Laparoscope and specialised equipment

Ultra-Sound Scanner

Colposcope

Amnioscope

Hysteroscope

Cardiotocograph (fetal monitor)

Specialist / Teaching Hospital Level

All of the above, plus

Computerised Axial Tomography Scan

Bone scanner

Radio Immuno Assay

Assisted conception equipment

Sperm bank

Amniocentesis and Chorionic Villus Sampling equipment

Magnetic Resonance Imaging

Endoscopic (Tubal) Surgery Equipment/ Tubal Microsurgery Equipment

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27.0 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Officers responsible for data collection and types of forms required at each level of family planning/reproductive health service delivery.

Community level

The TBA/CBD, VHW, CHEWs, Agent shall collect reproductive health information in his/her record book and forward same to the health facility under which he/ she operates monthly.

LGA Level

- The officer-in-charge of each health facility shall collect data using the following standard forms:
 - Client Forms/Cards
 - Tally Cards
 - Daily Registers
 - Family Planning Monthly Returns Forms
 - FP Daily Consumption Record Forms
 - NHMIS Forms
- The officer in-charge of MIS at the clinic will use the information obtained from the above forms to complete the monthly FP returns and forward the completed form(s) to the LGA FP/RH supervisor.

The LGA FP/RH Supervisor collates all returns from the health facilities into the LGA monthly returns forms which are forwarded to the State RH Coordinator.

Nigeria National FP/RH Service Policy and Standards

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- ♦ The State FP/RH Coordinator shall have responsibility for the collection of the monthly return forms from the LGAs which are used to complete the quarterly report forms for onward transmission to the Zonal Office of NPHCDA. In addition, the coordinator shall complete the following:
 - Requisition and issue forms

Zonal Level

 At the zonal level, the NPHCDA Coordinator receives and collates data from the state within the zone and forwards semiannual returns to the DCDPA for further processing.

Non-Governmental Organisations

 All non-governmental organisations, including private sector practitioners, shall submit their completed service data collection forms to the LGA/States in which they are located

DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING

- All service providers shall collect data, analyse and report periodically as indicated below:
 - Community- monthly
 - LGA monthly / quarterly
 - State monthly / semi-annually
 - Zonal / National semi-annually
- Officer receiving reports shall send feedback to service providers as indicated above through the established channels.
- Data collection receive regular feedback concerning the data they provide

28.0 SUPERVISION, MONITORING, EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

- Determining the adequacy or otherwise of reproductive health resources (human, material and financial)
- · Ensuring provision of services according to set standards
- Conducting training needs assessment by use of performance assessment instrument (e.g. competency based checklist) and providing on-site training where applicable
- Examination of stored contraceptives, other supplies and stock cards for the purposes of reconciliation with the records
- · Ensuring compliance with work plan
- Technical supportive supervision

Supervision responsibilities and activities at different levels of service delivery

LEVEL	WHO	WHAT	HOW	WHEN
Community level	Head of basic health centre	Performance objectives: Job description Task and Target Physical facilities Knowledge and skills BCC and Courselling Service delivery Logistics and supplies Copacity building	Guidance and training Assistance with resource and logistics Advacacy support and encouragement	Monthly
Basic and Comprehensive Centre	LGA FP/RH Supervisor	As above	As above	As above
General and Specialist Haspital	State RH Coordinator	As above	As above	Quarterly