

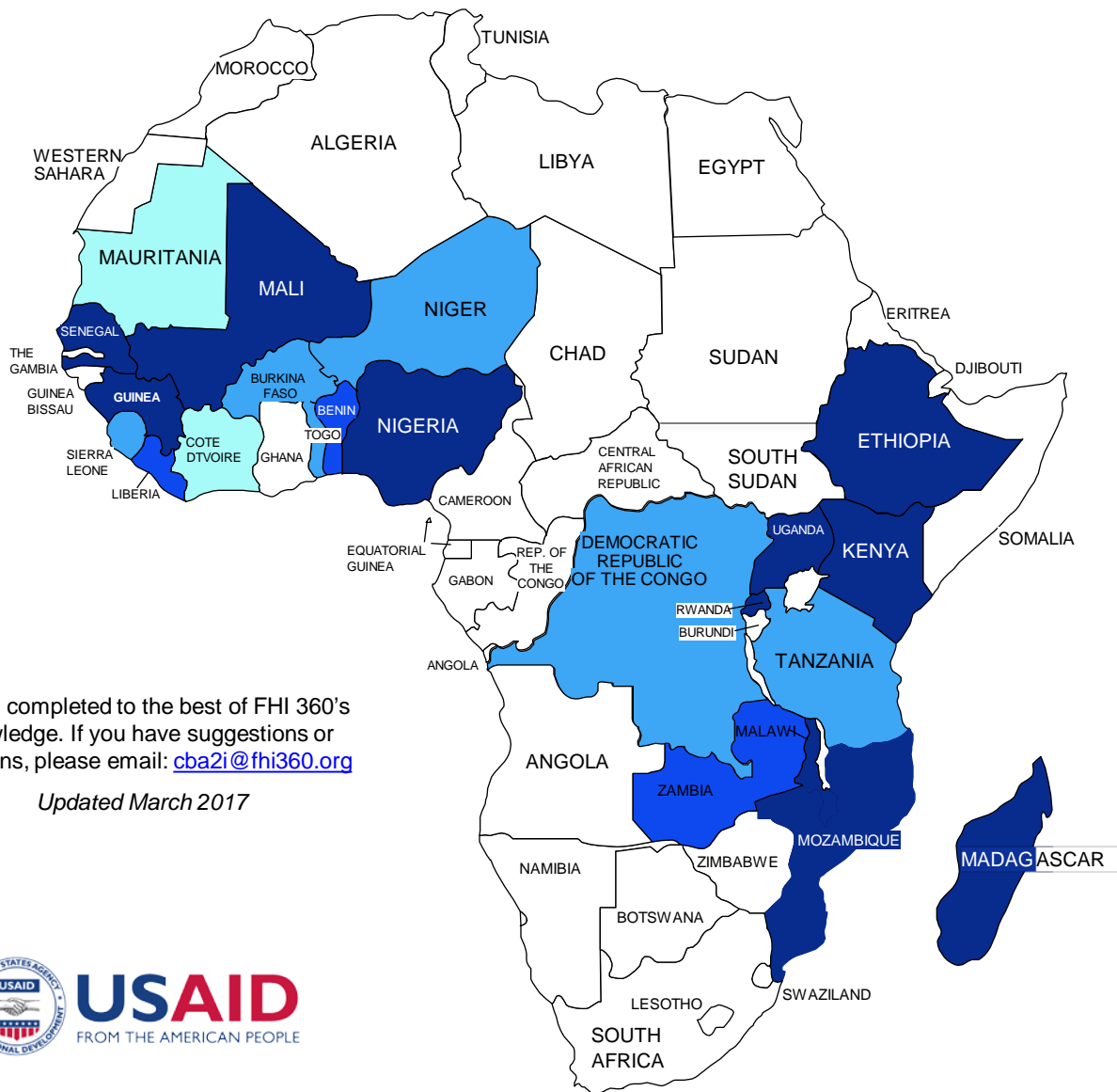
The following map illustrates the status of the provision of injectable contraceptives by community health workers by country in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA). Community-based access to injectables (CBA2I) has gained a lot of momentum as countries have begun to focus on expanding access to family planning at the community level to meet their development goals.





The region's first pilot study was conducted by FHI 360 and Save the Children in one district in Uganda in 2005. As of March 2017, a total of 11 countries have adopted policies that support CBA2I, three countries have policy dialogue and scale-up underway (Liberia, Zambia, Benin) and six additional countries have completed pilots or have pilots underway (DRC, Sierra Leone, Tanzania, Togo, Burkina Faso, Niger).

The map focuses on SSA, where most of APC's work takes place. However, Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Pakistan have robust CBA2I programs.



# Status of CBA2I in Africa - 2017



	Exploring possible introduction
	Pilot initiated
	Policy dialogue underway and scale-up in progress
	Policies support CBA2I

**Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Pakistan:** CHWs are providing injectable contraceptives.

Map is completed to the best of FHI 360's knowledge. If you have suggestions or additions, please email: [cba2i@fhi360.org](mailto:cba2i@fhi360.org)

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